





GP Access - MRI Lumbar Spine Pathway

Referrals via E Referral



GP Access - MRI Lumbar Spine Pathway

Indications

Radiculopathy (pain radiating below the knee)
Persisting for greater than 6 weeks
Failed 6 weeks of conservative therapy

Referral

E-referral for MRI lumbar spine with completed MRI safety questions

Laterality and dermatomal distribution of symptoms stated

Exclusions

Cauda Equina → Emergency Department Red flags → Red Flag Referral Office MRI contraindicated

Method of Referral

- Routine e-referral with completed MRI safety questions
 - Waiting time as per current routine radiology examination
 - Queries regarding a request or safety questions can emailed to the MRI department (mri.cah@southerntrust.hscni.net)
 - All referrals will be vetted by a Consultant Radiologist
- Laterality and dermatomal distribution of symptoms must be stated

Criteria for Referral

- Radiculopathy (pain radiating below the knee)
- Persisting for greater than 6 weeks
- Failed conservative medical therapy, including
 - Analgesics
 - Physiotherapy
 - Antineuropathics

Exclusions

- Suspected acute cauda equina syndrome or spinal cord compression
 - Incontinence
 - Neurological gait disturbance
 - Saddle anaesthesia
 - Immediate Emergency Department referral
- Low back pain with adverse (red flag) symptoms
 - Progressive motor loss or widespread neurological deficit
 - o Sphincter or gait disturbance
 - o Saddle anaesthesia
 - Previous carcinoma, systemically unwell, weight loss, HIV, IV drug abuse
 - Potential malignancy or discitis
 - Red Flag Referral Service
- Suspected osteoporotic fracture

- Radiographs
- Suspected inflammatory spondyloathropathy
 - Morning stiffness
 - Other joints affected
 - History of iritis
 - Rheumatology referral
- Low back pain in the absence of neurology or red flags
 - Consider Orthopaedic ICATS referral

Contraindications

- MRI contra indicated as per safety questionnaire
- Weight > 250kg or girth > 200cm
 - MRI table and bore limits

Report

- Report will be available within 28 days of examination
- Urgent findings will be communicated by telephone
 - A contact number is required on the referral
- Clinical radiological correlation is important as a significant number of disc herniations demonstrated on MRI are asymptomatic
- It is the referring physician's responsibility to follow up reports and implement management
- Queries about reports can be emailed to the reporting radiologist

Appendices

- 1. MRI safety summary
- 2. MRI safety questionnaire
- 3. Contact email addresses
- 4. Red flags

References

- 1. iRefer, www.irefer.org.uk, Royal College of Radiologists
- 2. Low back pain: Early management of persistent non-specific low back pain. NICE. 2012. http://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/cg88
- 3. ACR Appropriateness Criteria. American College of Radiology. Low Back Pain. June 2012.
- 4. Magnetic resonance imaging of the lumbar spine: direct access for general practitioners. Chawda SJ, Watura R, Lloyd DC. Br J Gen Pract. 1997 Sep; 47(422):575-6.
- 5. Musculoskeletal imaging for GPs. Arthritis Research UK. Spratt J. Issue 3 (Hands On Series 7) Summer 2013.